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Patient: LastFir	st:	MI:
Birth Date: // Sex: M / F Soc. Security	Number:	
Address:	City:	Zip Code:
Cell Phone Number:	Home Phone Numbe	er:
Email Address:	CDL No:	
Primary Care Provider: Name:	Office:	
Address:	City:	Zip Code:
Telephone Number:	Fax Number:	
Emergency Contact's Name:	City:	Zip Code:
Telephone number to best reach them:		
Insurance Information: Name of Insurance:		
Primary Holder of Insurance:		
nsurance ID #:	Group #:	
Address:	City:	Zip Code:
Telephone Number:	Fax Number:	
The Above information is true to the best of my knowledge. I author am financially responsible for any balance. I also authorize Neurospi process my claims. I acknowledge I have received Neurospine r	ne institute or insurance company to releas	
Patient/Guarantor Signature:		

All questions cor	HEALTH HIST	ORY QUEST	IONNAIRE  d will become part of your m	edical record.	
Patient Name: Loss	in the second se	First	MI		
Today's Date:	Reason for Visit	:			
Previous or referring doctor		Pa	tlent sex : DOB:		
	IN REASON FOR DOCTOR'S				
	HISTORY (				
	1011 000	CTARTO	·	_	
WIAI PARES THE FAIR	HOW DID IT WORSE? Sitting Stand	Other			
WHAT MAKES THE PAIN	BETTER? Sitting Stand	ding □Lying Flat □\	Walking Twisting E	kercise Sneezing	
DESCRIBE YOUR PAIN:  IS THIS RELATED TO AN AUTO INJURY?					
RATE YOUR PAIN WITH A CHECK THE WORDS THA	ACTIVITY:	☐ 2 ☐3 ☐4 ☐5 ☐ D INDICATE THE AREA ☐Burni	WHERE YOUR PAIN IS Wing - Worst Sec	cond	
Radiating - Worst	Second Se	⊟Shoot	Ing - Worst Seco	cond	
☐Tender - Worst	Second	∐ Stabi ☐ Tingi	oing - Worst Se	econd	
DUES FOUR FAIR BUEN		1100 [_110			
DI CACCLICE OTUED DU	DID YOU MISS IN THE LAST YSICIANS YOU HAVE SEEN F	OR DAIN.			
NAME:	RECOMMENDATION RECOMM	N;	SPECIALTY:	DATE:	
NAME:	RECOMMENDATIO	N:	SPECIALTY:	DATE:	
NAME:	RECOMMENDATIO	N:	SPECIALTY:	DATE:	
PLEASE CHECK ANY OF	THE FOLLOWING TREATME	IR DAN EVAN UUT GIN	OR PAIN; ocks – Pain Improved?    [	TVas DNo	
Epidurals - Pain impr	roved?	☐ Radio-Fr	equency - Pain improved?		
Spinal Cord Stimulato	r - Pain Improved?  Yes	No ☐ Pain Puπ	np - Pain Improved? □Ye	s □No	
Tens Unit - Pain Impre	oved? Yes No.	Physical	Therapy - Pain Improved?	Y⊟Yes □No ·	
Accupuncture - Pain I	oved?  Yes  No mproved? Yes  No ain Improved? Yes  No	☐ Chiropra	ctor - Pain improved?	es □No	
☐ Massage Therapy - Pa	un improved? ∐Yes ∐No	L Psycholo	ogy – Pain Improved? ∐Ye	98 ∐NO	
	PROCEDURES HAVE YOU HAD	FOR THIS PAIN? MR	I Scan □CT Myelogram □ G/Nerve Study □Discogram	□X-Ray m □Bone Scan	
	□EMG/Nerve Study □Discogram □Bone Scan  PERSONAL HEALTH HISTORY (PAST MEDICAL HISTORY)				
Conditions you have had in	the past (check all that apply)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
□ AIDS/HIV +	a Bulimia	□ Golter	D Liver Disease	□ Stroke	
a Alcoholism	D Cancer	□ Gonorrhea	<ul> <li>Migraine Headache</li> </ul>	□ Suicide Attempt	
□ Anemia	Cataracts	□ Gout	□ Mononucleosis	☐ Thyroid Problems	
□ Anorexia	<ul> <li>Chemical Dependency</li> </ul>	□ Heart Disease	Multiple Scierosis	o. TB	
□ Arthritis	□ Chicken Pox	□ Hepatitis	Pneumonia	□ Ulcers	
□ Asthma	□ Diabetes	D Hernia	D. Pollo	LIST ANY OTHERS	
Bleeding Disorders	□ Emphysema	Herpes	Prostate Problem	0	
Breast Lump     Bronchitis	Epilepsy     Glaucoma	□ High Cholesterol □ Kidney Disease	Rheumatic Fever     Scarlet Fever	0	
C PIGHONIAN	- CINCOLLIN	- India bidanos		1 <del></del>	

PATIENT NA	ME:				D	OB:				
· .			· :	Surgeries		,,,		•	,	
Year	Reason		<del></del>			Hosp	ital			
		<del></del>					<del></del>			
						.,				
<del></del>			· (	Other hospitaliz	ations				<del></del>	
Year	Reason		<u> </u>			Hosp	ital			
7201	Neason -									
									•	<del>-,</del>
Have you ev	er had a blood trans	fuéion?	-:	•	<del></del>		<del></del>	D Y	es C	No
	your blood type?		No · Type	<del></del>	****			<u> </u>		-1.10
Do you know					device such a	vitamins and in	halare		<del></del>	
	List you	T	Frequency	T	ui uys, such as	<del></del>		T_	•	
Drug-Name		Strength	Taken	Drug Name		Stren	ngth 	Frequ	епсу	Taken
1				9						
2				10				<u> </u>		
3	-			11						
4 ·			,	12						
5		<del> </del>		13				1		
6		<b> </b>		14						
7				15				_		
8		<u> </u>		16						
		<del></del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>						
Drug Name	medications	eaction You	Had	<del></del>	Drug Name		Reaction	You Had	<del></del>	
1					3			<del></del> ,		-
2					4		<del>                                     </del>			
<del>-</del>	13. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	ÚEALTÚ L	ADTTC AND	PERSONAL S	AEETV (SOCT	AL HISTORY)	1	<del></del>	, , ,	
		<del></del>					<del></del>		•	·
<del></del>	QUESTIONS CONTA						acity cor	ALTAGUI	AL.	
Exercise	☐ Sedentary (No	<del></del>							<del></del> :	
	☐ Occasional yig	<del></del>	:				-			
	☐ Regular vigoro	us exercise	(i.e., work or	recreation 4X/V	week for 30 mil	nutes)		[m] v	П	No
Diet `	Are you dieting?			nadiani dinta	<del>,,</del>		<del>·</del> , ·	☐ Yes	<del>  </del>	No
	If yes, are you or		· <del>···········</del>	negical dierr	·			101165		
	# of meals you e		<del></del>	□ Tea	□ Cola		<del>-</del> :			
Caffeine	# of cups/cans p		<u> </u>	L.160	. Lu coia	··.	·			
Alashai	Do you drink alco		Mo Tru	chald take a	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del> -		
Alcohol	How many drinks		<del></del>	pop veriles killer,						
					. ,		<del></del>	□ Yes		No
Tobacco	Do you use tobac			☐ Chew - #/da	y   Pipe -	#/day /	<u> </u>	□ Cig:	1	
	☐ Cigarettes - p		ear quit	Citew - #/da	. Libe.	-,401 /		- Cigi	410 - 1	/ 444

Drugs	Do you	currently u	se rec	reational or street drugs?	,			Yes		No
	Have y	ave you ever given yourself street drugs with a needle?								
Personal	Do you	live alone?		□ Yes □ No						
Safety	Do you	have frequ	ent fal	ls?			0	Yes		No
	Do you	have visio	n or he	aring loss?		., 1		Yes		No
	takes t	he form of	verball		public health issues in this countractual physical or sexual abuse. W		0	Yes		No
				FAMILY HE	ALTH HISTORY	·				
Relation	AGE	AGE AT D	EATH	•	SIGNIFICANT HEALTH PROB	LEMS				
Father			- ,				_			
Mother							_			
Brothers							_			
PLOUIGIS					VI 1888					
Sisters					•					
		7 , 3, 3	···········	MENTA	AL HEALTH		-			
Is stress a ma	jor prob	lem for you	7					Yes	0	No
Do you feel de	o you feel depressed?					No				
Do you panic	you panic when stressed?				No					
Do you have p	o you have problems with eating or your appetite?				No					
Do you cry fre	o you cry frequently?				No					
Have you eve	serious	ly thought	about	nurting yourself?				Yes	Ò	No
Do you have t	rouble s	leéping?		1		,	Ċ	Yes		No
Have you ever	been to							Yes		No
			3.00	SCREENINGS (pleas	e indicate most recent date)	· · ·	•		<u>:</u>	<u>'.</u>
Last Colonosc	ору:		□ Nor	mai 🗆 Abnormai	Cholesterol Screening:	□ Normal □	A	bnorm	ıal	
Test for blood				mai 🗅 Abnormal	Electrocardiogram:	□ Normal □	A	bnom	al	
			· ^`•	Review Of Systems (c	heck all that apply to you)			,·		
CONSTITUTIO			NEUR		GENITOURINARY	RESPIRATOR				
☐ Wt. loss o	or gain			ziness hthoododnoss	☐ Burning urination	☐ Frequent I	-	,		5
☐ Fever ☐ Fatigue			-	htheadedness adache	☐ Excessive urination ☐ Incontinence of urine	☐ Shortness ☐ Chest tight			•	
☐ Chilis				k of coordination	☐ Blood in urine	☐ Wheezing			•	
EYES			□ Bal	ance problems	☐ Frequent bladder/kidney	☐ Sleeping p				
Blurry vis			□ Sei		infections	☐ Persistent	CO	ıgh		
		☐ History of sexually transmitted disease	☐ Asthma CARDIOVASC	۲L	AR					
☐ Cataracts				pression	GASTROINTESTINAL	☐ History of	Rh		ic fe	ever
☐ Glaucom	a		□ Mo	od swings	☐ Vomiting	☐ Palpitation				
ENT/MOUTH	lome		☐ Me	móry problems vletu	☐ Constipation ☐ Diarrhea	☐ Chest pain ☐ Swelling h		ls		
☐ Sinus prob☐ Runny nos			ENDO	•	☐ Heartburn	☐ Swelling fe				
☐ Tooth pain			□ Exe	essive thirst	☐ Incontinence of bowels	☐ Irregular h	ea			
☐ Hearing los				at Intolerance	☐ Blood in stools	High or lov			ress	sure
☐ Ringing ea☐ Gum pain	rs		□ Co	d intolerance	☐ Bloating ☐ Poor appetite	MUSC/SKELE				
☐ Gum bleed	ing			il changes	☐ Hemorrholds	☐ Joint stiffn	<b>es</b> :			
☐ Swallowing		lties	☐ Nig	ht sweats	□ Nausea	☐ Muscle pai	ns			
☐ Ear pain			☐ Ho	t flashes	HEM/LYMPH  Bruising	☐ Back pain☐ Pain during		alkin	,	
☐ Ear dischar				n rashes	☐ Nosebleeds	- rail uvilli	y W	enville.	9	
☐ Rashes/hi		its	□ Bri		☐ Lack of energy					
☐ Itchiness	-	1		anges in skin lesions						
☐ Allergic as	thma/br	onchitis								

DOB: \_\_

PATIENT NAME:

PATIENT NAME:		<del></del>	DOB:					
	STATE OF THE STATE	MEN ONLY			٠,	+ . N		· ·
Age at menstruation:		Date of last	PAP smear:	□ Normal □	Al	norm	al	
Number of pregnancles	_ Number of live births	Date of or a	ge at last menstri	uation:				
Last Mammogram:	☐ Normal ☐ Abnormal	Bone Densit	ý Screening:	□ Normal □	A	norn	ıal	
Experienced any recent breas	st tenderness, lumps, or nipple dis	charge?				Yes		No
Date of last rectal exam?		□ Normal	☐ Abnormal :					
		IEN ONLY		Your Carlo	•	·	٠٠٠,	•••
Do you usually get up to urin	ate during the night?					Yes		No
If yes, # of times		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1		• •			٠٠.	
Do you feel burning discharg	e from penis?				0	Yes		No
Has the force of your urination	on decreased?		•		0	Yes		No
Have you had any kidney, bis	edder, or prostate infections within	n the last 12 mon	ths?			Yes		No
Do you have any problems er	mptying your bladder completely?					Yes		No
Any difficulty with erection o	r ejaculation?					Yes	Ò	No
Any testicle pain or swalling?					0	Yes		Ņο
Date of last prostate and rec	tal exam?	☐ Normal	□ Abnormal					
Date of last PSA test (If any)		.□ Normal	□ Abnormal	•				
Is there anything else you	would like to discuss with the do	ctor?						
								·
Printed Name of Patient of	or Responsible Party		Relationship	to Patient				
Signature of Patient or Re	esponsible Party	:	Date	_				
I have reviewed this histo	ory with the patient for accuracy a	nd completeness	:					
	Phy	sician signature	and date					

tient Name:			Date:/					
Please answer e right (ie, if "	each question a Seldom" write	s honestly as possible b "1", if "Sometimes" wr	y putting the correspond ite "2", etc). There are n	ling n to rig	umbe ht or	er in th wrong	e box i answe	to th
SCORE	COLOR	Initials of Reviewer	SOAPP®-R	Never	Seldom	Sometimes	Often	Very Often
				0	1	2	3	4
	you have mood		,					
pain?		ed for higher doses of m	,					
3. How often ha	ve <sup>j</sup> you felt imp	atient with your doctors'	?					<u> </u>
4. How often ha	ve you felt that	things are just too overv	vhelming that you					Γ
can't handle the							<u> </u>	
	there tension in							
6. How often ha	ve you counted	pain pills to see how me	any are remaining?					
<ol> <li>How often hat pain medication</li> </ol>	•	ncerned that people will	judge you for taking					
8. How often do	you feel bored	?						T
		ore pain medication that	n you were supposed					
10. How often h	ave you worrie	d about being left alone	?					1.
		raving for medication?						
		essed concern over your	use of medication?					
13. How often h	ave any of you	r close friends had a pro	blem with alcohol or				1	
drugs?				<u></u>	1			
14. How often h	ave others told	you that you had a bad	temper?					
		nsumed by the need to g						
16. How often h	nave you run ou	t of pain medication ear	ly?					
17. How often h	nave others kept	you from getting what	you deserve? /					
18. How often,	in your lifetime	, have you had legal pro	blems or been arrested?					
		ed an AA or NA meetin						
		an argument that was			1	T		1.

Please include any additional information you wish about the above answers. Thank you. STOP: Hand first 6 pages of packet to front desk if filling out paperwork in office

Yellow = 10-21

Mental Illness; Y/N

Red = 22 and over

someone got hurt?

Y/N.

Green = less than 9

friends?

Alcohol:

21. How often have you been sexually abused?

22. How often have others suggested that you have a drug or alcohol problem?

23. How often have you had to borrow pain medications from your family or

Has any relative had a problem with: (Please circle Y/N for each item below)

24. How often have you been treated for an alcohol or drug problem?

Addiction: Y/N



### OPIOID CONSENT FORM

# PATIENT INFORMED CONSENT AND AGREEMENT FOR LONG-TERM OPIOID/NARCOTIC THERAPY FOR TREATMENT OF CHRONIC PAIN

Name:	DOB:	
You have agreed to or may	notentially receive oniois	Inarcatic therapy for the treatment of

You have agreed to or may potentially receive opioid/narcotic therapy for the treatment of chronic pain. You understand that these drugs are very useful but have a potential for misuse and are therefore closely controlled by local, state and federal governments. The goal of this treatment is to:

- A) Reduce your pain; and
- B) Improve your level of function in performing your activities of daily living. Our goal at Neurospine Institute is to not initiate or continue opioid therapy whenever possible, but sometimes this may be warranted for more effective pain management. Alternative therapies and medications have been explained and offered to you. You have chosen opioid/narcotic therapy as one component of treatment. The use of cigarettes demonstrates a dependence on nicotine. This complicates opioid therapy. If you are a smoker, you have agreed to a smoking cessation program. You must be aware of the potential side effects and risks of these medications. They are explained below. If you have any questions or concerns during the course of your treatment, you should contact your physician.

#### SIDE EFFECTS:

Side effects are normal physical reactions to medications. Common side effects of opioids/narcotics include mood changes, drowsiness, dizziness, constipation, nausea, and confusion. Many of these side effects will resolve over days or weeks. Constipation often persists and may require additional medication. If other side effects persist, different opioids may be tried or they may be discontinued.

### Page 2 of 6

Patient Name:	DOB	<u>:</u>

### YOU SHOULD NOT:

- A) Operate a vehicle or machinery if the medication makes you drowsy;
- B) Consume ANY alcohol while taking opioids/narcotic; or
- C) Take any other non-prescribed sedative medication while taking opioids/narcotics. The effects of alcohol and sedatives are additive with those of opioids/narcotics. If you take these substances in combination with opioids/narcotics, a dangerous situation could result, such as coma, organ damage or even death. Driving while taking opioids for chronic pain is considered medically acceptable as long as you do not have side effects such as sedation or altered mental status. These side effects usually do not occur while taking opioids/narcotics chronically. However, it is **POSSIBLE** that you could be considered DUI if stopped by law enforcement while driving. Opioids have also been known to cause decreased sexual function and libido. This is due to their effects on suppression of certain hormones such as testosterone and DHEA which can cause these side effects. Your hormone levels can be monitored during your treatment. Constipation is a well-known side effect of opioid therapy and can usually be treated with stool softeners or gentle laxatives. Constipation is a side effect that usually does not go away and requires treatment.

### RISKS:

**DEPENDENCE:** Physical dependence is an expected side effect of long-term opioid/narcotic therapy. This means that if you take opioids/narcotics continuously, and then stop them abruptly, you will experience a withdrawal syndrome. This syndrome often includes sweating, diarrhea, irritability, sleeplessness, runny nose, tearing, muscle and bone aching, gooseflesh, and dilated pupils. Withdrawal can be life-threatening. To prevent these symptoms, the opioids/narcotics should be taken regularly or, if discontinued, reduced gradually under the supervision of your physician.

**TOLERANCE:** Tolerance to the pain-relieving effect of opioids/narcotics is possible with continued use. This means that more medication is required to achieve the same level of pain control experienced when the opioid/narcotic therapy was initiated. This may occur even though there has been no change in your underlying painful condition. When tolerance does occur, sometimes it requires tapering or discontinuation of the opioid/narcotic. Sometimes tolerance can be treated by substituting a different opioid/narcotic. When initiated, doses of medications must be adjusted to achieve a therapeutic, pain-relieving effect; upward adjustments during this period are not viewed as tolerance.

### Page 3 of 6

PATIENT NAME:DOB:	
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INCREASED PAIN (Hyperalgesia): The long-term effects of opioids/narcotics on the body's own pain-fighting systems are unknown. Some evidence suggests that opioids/narcotics may interfere with pain modulation, resulting in an INCREASED sensitivity to pain. Sometimes individuals who have been on long-term opioids/narcotics, but who continue to have pain, actually note decreased pain after several weeks off of the medications.

ADDICTION: Addiction is a primary, chronic, neurobiological disease, with genetic, psychosocial, and environmental factors influencing the development and manifestations. It is characterized by behaviors that include one or more of the following:

- Impaired control over drug use;
- Compulsive use;
- Continued use despite harm; and/or
- Craving.

Most patients with chronic pain who use long-term opioids/narcotics are able to take medications on a scheduled basis as prescribed, do not seek other drugs when their pain is controlled, and experience improvement in their quality of life as the result of opioid therapy. Therefore, they are **NOT** addicted.

PHYSICAL DEPENDENCE is NOT the same as addiction.

RISK TO UNBORN CHILDREN: Children born to women who are taking opioids/narcotics on a regular basis will likely be physically dependent at birth. Women of childbearing age should maintain safe and effective birth control while on opioid/narcotic therapy. Should you become pregnant, immediately contact your physician and the medication will be tapered and stopped.

**LONG\_TERM SIDE EFFECTS:** The long-term side effect of opioid/narcotic therapy is not fully known. Most of the long-term side effects have been listed above. If you have additional questions regarding the potential long-term effects of opioid/narcotic therapy, please speak with your physician.

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PATIENT NAME:DOB:	
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PRESCRIPTIONS AND USE OF OPIOID/NARCOTIC MEDICATIONS: Your medication will be prescribed by your physician for control of pain. Based on your induvial needs, you will be provided with enough medication on a monthly basis, two-month basis, or three-month basis. New injuries or pain problems will require reevaluation. Prescriptions for opioids/narcotics will NOT be "called in" to the pharmacy. YOU AGREE THAT YOU MUST BE SEEN BY YOUR PHYSICIAN AT A MINIMUM OF EVERY THREE MONTHS DURING THE COURSE OF YOUR THERAPY. YOU AGREE and understand that increasing your dose without close supervision of your physician could lead to drug overdose, causing severe sedation, respiratory depression and/or death. YOU AGREE and understand that opioid/narcotic medication is strictly prescribed for you, and your opioid/narcotic medication should **NEVER** be given to others. YOU AGREE to secure your opioid/narcotic medications in a safe, locked source to prevent loss or theft. You are responsible for any loss or theft. YOU AGREE that lost, stolen or destroyed prescriptions or drugs WILL NOT be replaced, and may result in discontinuation of treatment. YOU AGREE to obtain opioid/narcotic medication from one prescribing physician or that physician's substitute if your prescribing physician is not available and your prescribing physician has authorized his or her substitute to provide treatment. YOU AGREE to submit to an initial examination and evaluation, to routine examination and evaluation on a monthly basis or regular basis (but no less than once every three months), and to examination and evaluation at the direction of your physician. YOU AGREE to submit to blood and/or urine testing to monitor the levels of medication or other drugs and any organ side effects. YOU ALSO AGREE that other doctors and law enforcement may be notified of the results. YOU AGREE NOT to call the physician for refills replacement medications during evening hours or on weekends/holidays. Medication refill and/or replacement requests will be addressed during regular business hours only, YOU UNDERSTAND AND AGREE that if you lose your medication or run out early due to overuse, you may experience and go through withdrawal from opioids/narcotics. YOU FURTHER UNDERSTAND AND AGREE THA YOU ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR YOUR OWN MEDICATIONS. YOU AGREE to bring all prescription medication in their bottles or containers to the office during regularly scheduled visits. YOU AGREE to provide a list from your pharmacy detailing all medications received from that pharmacy and to provide updated lists as requested by your physician.

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Patient Name:	DOB:
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**FOR PATIENTS TAKING METHADONE:** Methadone has significant interactions with many other medications. Some of these medications may reduce your body's ability to metabolize methadone, thus **increasing** the methadone in your body, which could be dangerous. Therefore, you **MUST** notify this office of **ALL** medications prescribed for **ANY** condition while taking methadone.

### OPOIOD/NARCOTIC THERAPY MAY BE DISCONTINUED IF YOU:

- Develop progressive tolerance which cannot be managed by changing medications;
- Experience unacceptable side effects which cannot be controlled;
- Experience diminishing function or poor pain control;
- Develop signs of addiction;
- Abuse any other controlled substance (this may be determined by random blood/urine testing);
- Obtain or use street drugs (this may be determined by random blood/urine testing);
- Increase your medication without the consent of your physician;
- Either refuse to stop or resume smoking;
- Obtain opiates/narcotics from other physicians or sources;
- Fill prescriptions at other pharmacies and evaluation on a monthly basis or regular basis (\*but no less than once every three months) or as directed by your physician;
- · Fail to bring your prescription medications to your regularly scheduled visits;
- Fail to submit to blood/urine testing as directed;
- Call for refills during evenings, weekends or holidays; or
- Violate any of the terms of this agreement. By signing below, Patient acknowledges and agrees that:
  - I have read and fully understand the Physician/Patient informed Consent and Agreement for Long-Term Opioid/Narcotic Therapy for the Treatment of Chronic Pain;
  - (ii) I have been given the opportunity to ask questions about the proposed treatment (including no treatment), potential risks, complications, side effects, and benefits;
  - (iii) I knowingly accept and agree to assume the risks of the proposed treatment as presented; and
  - (iv) I agree to abide by the terms of this agreement.

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# SIGNATURES:

Print Name: Patient Signature:	Date:
Print Name:	
Witness Signature:	
Print Name:	
Physicians Signature:	Date:



### DR. KAMRAN PARSA INC. DBA NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE

# AGREEMENT AS TO RESOLUTION OF CONCERNS OF DISSATISFACTION READ CAREFULLY

We take pride in our reputation for providing the highest levels of quality medical care to our patients. However, we realize there are times when some patients will not be satisfied with the outcomes of their treatments. We therefore recognize and respect a patient right to pursue legal action if he/ she feels we have been negligent in some way. While some health care legal claims are justified, there are also frivolous legal claims filed in our country, which drive up insurance rates and adversely impact court decisions for patients who deserve compensation. As such, we believe that an agreement early in the treatment process regarding the use of board-certified experts may help expedite resolution of concerns.

OUR COMMITMENT TO YOU: We commit to using only American Osteopathic Board of Surgeons, American Board of Medical Specialties, board certified expert witness(es) in any legal situation, who follow the code of ethics of our national specialty society. These steps ensure that expert medical witnesses we use have passed examinations, demonstrated expertise in their field and adhere to a solid code of ethics. We demonstrate this commitment to you with our signature on this form (which you may receive a copy of at any time after such signature is affixed) WHAT WE ARE ASKING YOU TO DO: We are asking you or any representative to commit to a process also, by using only American Osteopathic Board of Surgeons, American Board of Medical Specialties, board- certified physician expert medical witness(es) if you are dissatisfied with your medical care and decide on legal action. I understand that I am entering into a contractual relationship with the DR, KAMRAN PARSA INC. DBA NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE for professional services. I further understand that claims that are without merit or are frivolous have an adverse effect upon the cost and availability of medical care to patients and may result in irreparable harm to a medical provider. As additional consideration for professional care provided me by DR, KAMRAN PARSA INC. DBA NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE claims of medical malpractice against the providers within the DR. KAMRAN PARSA. DBA NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE should I initiate or pursue a medical malpractice claim against a provider within the DR. KAMRAN PARSA. DBA NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE, I agree to use as expert witness only physicians who are board certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgeons, , American Board of Medical Specialties in the same or similar specialty as the provider against whom the claim is being made. Further I agree that these physicians retained by me or on my behalf to be an expert witness will be a member in good standing of the medical specialty society to which the provider belongs. I agree an expert will be obligated to adhere to the guidelines or code of conduct defined by that physicians or providers specialty society. I agree to require any attorney I hire and any physician hired by me or on my behalf as an expert witness to agree to these provisions.

In further consideration, DR. KAMRAN PARSA INC. DBA NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE also agree to exactly the same above referenced stipulations.

Each party agrees that his/her counsel shall have the right and be free to depose the other partys expert witness(es) at least 120 days before any scheduled trial date.

Each party agrees that this Agreement is binding upon them individually and their respective successors, assigns, representatives, personal representatives, spouses and other defendants.

Each party agrees that these provisions apply to any claim for medical malpractice whether based on a theory of contract, negligence, battery or any other theory of recovery.

PRINT PATIENT NAME	
PATIENT SIGNATURE	Date
PHYSICIAN SIGNATURE	Date

#### HIPAA Information and Consent Form

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) provides safeguards to protect your privacy. Implementation of HIPAA requirements officially began on April 14, 2003. Many of the policies have been our practice for years. This form is a "friendly" version. A more complete text is posted in the office. What this is all about: Specifically, there are rules and restrictions on who may see or be notified of your Protected Health Information (PHI). These restrictions do not include the normal interchange of information necessary to provide you with office services. HIPAA provides certain rights and protections to you as the patient. We balance these needs with our goal of providing you with quality professional service and care. Additional information is available from the U.S. department of Health and Human Services. www.hhs.gov

### We have adopted the following policies:

- 1. Patient Information will be kept confidential except as is necessary to provide services or to ensure that all administrative matters related to your care are handled appropriately. This specifically includes the sharing of information with other healthcare providers, laboratories, health insurance payers as is necessary and appropriate for your care. Patient Files may be stored in open file racks and will not contain any coding which identifies a patient's condition or information which is not already a matter of public record. The normal course of providing care means that such records may be left, at least temporarily, in administrative areas such as front office, examination room, etc. Those records will not be available to persons other than office staff. You agree to the normal procedures utilized within the office for the handling of charts, patient records, PHI, and other documents or information.
- 2. It is the policy of this office to remind patients of their appointments. We may do this by telephone, email, U.S. mail, or by any means convenient for the practice and/or as requested by you. We may send you other communications informing you of changes to office policy and new technology that you might find valuable or informative.
- 3. The practice utilizes a number of vendors in the conduct of business. These vendors may have access to PHI but must agree to abide by the confidentiality rules of HIPAA.
- 4. You understand and agree to inspections of the office and review of documents which may include PHI by government agencies or insurance payers in normal performance of their duties.
- 5. You agree to bring any concerns or complaints regarding privacy to the attention of the office manager or the doctor.
- 6. Your confidential information will not be used for the purposes of marketing or advertising of products, goods, or services.
- 7. We agree to provide patients with access to their records in accordance with state and federal laws.
- 8. We may change, add, delete or modify any of these provisions to better serve the needs of both the practice and the patient.
- 9. You have the right to request restriction in the use of your protected health information and to request change in certain policies used within the office concerning your PHI. However, we are not obligated to alter internal policies to conform to your request.

l,	date	do hereby consent and acknowledge
my agreement to the terms set forth i	n the HIPAA INFO	ORMATION FORM and any subsequent change
in office policy. I understand that this	s consent shall rem	ain in force from this time forward.
Patient Signature:		



### Patient Record of Disclosures of Protected Health Information (PHI)

I hereby authorize you to use or disclose the specific information described below, only for the purposes and parties also described below. Description of the specific information to be discussed: Appointment Dates/Times Diagnosis Imaging Results Medications Lab Tests/Results Medical Records Other (specify) Care Plan Indicate Confidential Information: Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_ Email Address: \_\_\_\_ Informed to be released to: Name: Relationship: \_\_\_\_ Address: Phone: This authorization shall remain in effect from the date signed below until (please check one): (Specify expiration date or event) NO EXPIRATION Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Relationship to Patient (If signed by personal representative of Patient):



SPECIAL NOTICE FROM NEUROSPINE INSTITUTE (This notice is required by law. If you have any questions or concerns, please let us know before signing.) I acknowledge that I have been given this separate written conspicuous notice by Dr. Kamran Parsa Inc. DBA NeuroSpine Institute Corp. that some or all of the care and treatment I receive will or may be provided by physicians who are employees and/or agents of NeuroSpine Institute, and liability, if any, that may arise from that care is limited as provided by law. I hereby certify that I am the patient or a person who is authorized to give consent for the patient.

Signature of Patient or authorized Representative of Patien, Date			
Witness Signature	· ·		
Printed Name		_	
Relationship to Patient	•		



# INFORMATION ON NONOPIOID ALTERNATIVES FOR THE TREATMENT OF PAIN

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE**

I have received the Pamphlet issued by NeuroSpine Institute, and my physician has reviewed with me the advantages and disadvantages of the use of non-opioid alternatives for the treatment of pain.

Patient Name:		
Patient Signature:		
Date:	Time:	
Witness:		
Physician Name:		

## CONSENT TO MEDICAL OR SURGICAL CARE AND TREATMENT

IOTE TO PATIENT: There are risks involved in any procedure or treatment. It is not possible to guarantee or give issurance of a successful result. It is important that you clearly understand and agree to the planned surgery or reatment.	
authorize Dr and such physicians, associates, assistants and other personnel or the hoser medical facility chosen by him or her to perform the following (IN MEDICAL TERMS KNOWN AS):	— pital
IN COMMON TERMS KNOWN AS):	
and/or to do any other procedures that in their judgment may be advisable to my well-being, including such procedure considered medically advisable to remedy conditions discovered during the above procedure.  GENERAL RISKS AND COMPLICATIONS. I am satisfied with my understanding of the more common risks and complications of the treatment or procedure which are described generally on the back of this form. These risks incline risk of bleeding, infection, pain, anesthesia risks and death.  SPECIFIC RISKS AND COMPLICATIONS. I am satisfied with my understanding of specific risks of this procedure reatment including (Doctor to describe specific risks where applicable):	ude
ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF TREATMENT. I am satisfied with my understanding of alternative procedures or reatments and their possible benefits and risks including (Doctor to describe specific alternative procedures and complications where applicable):	
NO TREATMENT. I am satisfied with my understanding of the possible consequences, outcomes or risks if no treat is rendered.  SECOND OPINION. I have been offered the opportunity to seek a second opinion concerning the proposed treatment of the procedure.  ADDITIONAL OR DIFFERENT PROCEDURES DURING CARE AND TREATMENT. I understand that conditions wrise which are unforeseen at this time and that it may be necessary and advisable to perform operations and procedifferent from, or in addition to, the procedure described. I authorize and consent to the performance of such addition different operations and procedures as are considered necessary and advisable.  OTHER SERVICES. I consent to the performance of pathology and radiology services as needed and I further authorize and consent to the performance of pathology and radiology services as needed and I further authorize and services. PHOTOGRAPHY. I consent to the photographing, filming or videotaping of the treatment or procedure for education diagnostic use.  NO GUARANTEES. I understand there are risks involved in any procedure or treatment, and it is not possible to purantee or give assurance of a successful result.  OTHER QUESTIONS. I am satisfied with my understanding of the nature of the procedure or treatments and all of additional questions about the treatment or procedure have been answered.	may edures nal or thorize
have read and been given a copy of this form.	
DATE:TIMEAM/F PRINT PATIENT NAME: BIGNATURE: (PATIENT. PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN)	°M
ranslated by (if applicable):	-
ANTINESS:	-

PLEASE READ THE GENERAL INFORMATION ON BACK.

#### A MESSAGE TO PATIENTS ABOUT MEDICAL/SURGICAL RISKS

Medicine and surgery are generally safe, helpful and often lifesaving. However, medical or surgical procedures of any type involve the taking of risks, ranging from minor to serious (including the risk of death). It is important to be aware of the following possible risks before receiving the treatment you and your physician are planning. The following may be the reactions of your body to medical/surgical operations or procedures:

- INFECTION: Invasion of tissue by bacteria or other germs occurs to some degree whenever a cut, incision or puncture is made. In most instances, through the natural defense mechanisms of the body, healing of the affected area occurs without difficulty. In some instances antibiotic medicines are prescribed and at times additional surgical measures may be necessary to combat infection.
- 2 **HEMORRHAGE:** The cutting of blood vessels causes bleeding and this occurs in every surgical incision. This bleeding is usually controlled without difficulty. At times, blood transfusions are required to replace blood loss. If blood transfusions are given, there are additional risks of liver inflammation, hepatitis, and the possibility of receiving Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS). There is no absolutely reliable way to predict these unwanted reactions, some of which may be quite serious and even lead to death.
- 3 DRUG REACTIONS: Unexpected allergies, lack of proper response to medications or illness caused by the prescribed drugs are possibilities. It is important for you to inform your physician and your anesthesiologist or certified registered nurse anesthetist of any problem you or your family have had with reactions to drugs and which medications you have taken in the past six months, including over-the-counter drugs, especially aspirin.
- 4 ANESTHESIA REACTIONS: There may be unusual or unexpected responses to the gases, drugs or methods used to anesthetize you which can lead to difficulties with lung, heart or nerve function. Eating or drinking before anesthesia increases the risks of vomiting which may cause significant complications. Inform your anesthesiologist or certified registered nurse anesthetist of problems you and your family have had with anesthesia.
- 5 **BLOOD VESSEL INFLAMMATION AND CLOTTING:** It is impossible to predict the occurrence of blood vessel inflammation and clotting problems. If blood clots form, they can move from where they formed to other areas of the body and cause injury.
- 6 **INJURY TO OTHER ORGANS:** Because of the closeness of other organs to the area being operated on, there may be injury to other organs. The stress of surgery or the procedure may also harm other organ systems of the body.
- OTHER RISKS: It is not possible to list all the possible risks and complications, and their variations, that may arise in any surgical operation or medical procedure. Each situation depends upon the purpose and nature of the operation or procedures. Your physician is willing to discuss further with you various details about other risks.

#### ALTERNATIVES TO TREATMENT

Although you and your doctor have decided upon this procedure, do not hesitate to discuss the reasons for the choice and the alternatives available for treatment of your condition. In addition, be sure to ask your doctor any other questions that you may have about your treatment.



# Information on Nonopioid Alternatives for the Treatment of Pain

A guide to working with your healthcare practitioner to manage pain

Prescription opioids are sometimes used to treat moderate-to-severe pain. Because prescription opioids have a number of serious side effects, it is important for you to ask questions and learn more about the benefits and risks of opioids. Make sure you're getting care that is safe, effective, and right for you.

This pamphlet provides information about nonopioid alternative treatments to manage pain. You and your healthcare practitioner can develop a course of treatment that uses multiple methods and modalities, including prescription medications such as opioids, and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each approach.

Pain management requires attention to biological, psychological, and environmental factors. Before deciding with your healthcare practitioner about how to treat your pain, you should consider options so that your treatment provides the greatest benefit with the lowest risk.

# Treatments provided by Licensed Healthcare Providers

Physical therapy (PT) and occupational therapy (OT). PT helps to increase flexibility and range of motion which can provide pain relief. PT can also restore or maintain your ability to move and walk. OT helps improve your ability to perform activities of daily living, such as dressing, bathing, and eating.

Massage therapy. Therapeutic massage may relieve pain by relaxing painful muscles, tendons, and joints; relieving stress and anxiety; and possibly impeding pain messages to and from the brain.

**Acupuncture.** Acupuncture is based on traditional Chinese medical concepts and modern medical techniques and provides pain relief with no side-effects by stimulation the body's pain-relieving endorphins. Techniques may include inserting extremely fine needles into the skin at specific points on the body.

**Chiropractic care.** Chiropractic physicians treat and rehabilitate pain, diseases and conditions using manual, mechanical, electrical, natural methods, physical therapy, nutrition and acupuncture. Chiropractors practice a hands-on, prescription drugfree approach to health care that includes patient examination, diagnosis and treatment.

Osteopathic, Manipulative Treatment (OMT). Osteopathic physicians (DO) are educated, trained, and licensed physicians, but also receive additional training in OMT. OMT is a set of hands-on techniques used by osteopathic physicians to diagnose, treat, and prevent illness or injury. OMT is often used to treat pain but also be used to promote healing, increase overall mobility, and treat other health problems.

Behavioral interventions. Mental health professionals can offer many avenues for pain relief and management. For example, they can help you reframe negative thinking patterns about your pain that may be interfering with your ability to function well in life, work, and relationships. Behavioral interventions can allow you to better manage your pain by changing behavior patterns.

**Topical treatments and medications**. Topical Agents, including Anesthetics, NSAIDs, Muscle Relaxers, and Neuropathic Agents, can be applied directly to the affected areas to provide needed pain relief and typically have a minimal risk of side-effects due to low absorption of the medication into the blood stream. Compounded topicals prepared by a pharmacist can be customized to the patient's specific needs.

**Interventional pain management.** "Interventional" procedures might include an injection of an anesthetic medicine or steroid around nerves, tendons, joints or muscles; spinal cord stimulation; insertion of a drug delivery system; or a procedure to stop a nerve from working for a long period of time.

Non-opioid anesthesia. Non-opioid anesthesia refers to the anesthetic technique of using medications to provide anesthesia and post-operative pain relief in a way that does not require opioids. Anesthetists can replace opioids with other medications selected for their ability to block surgical and post-surgical pain. By replacing opioids and incorporating the variety of anesthetic and analgesic medications that block the process of pain, anesthesia providers can provide a safer anesthetic that avoids the adverse effects of opioids.

Discuss these alternatives with your healthcare practitioner and talk about the advantages and disadvantages of the specific options being considered. Different approaches work better on different types of pain. Some treatments for pain can have undesirable side effects while other may provide benefits beyond pain relief. Depending on your insurance coverage, some options may not be covered, resulting in substantial out-of-pocket costs. Other options may require a significant time commitment due to the number of treatments or the time required for the treatment. Good communication between you and your healthcare practitioner is essential in building the best pain management plan for you.

Helpful Hints and Links

Natioinal Institutes of Health: https://nccih.nih.gov/health/pain/chronic.htm

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/pdf/nonopioid\_treatments-a.pdf

**Cold and heat.** Cold can be useful soon after an injury to relieve pain, decrease inflammation and muscle spasms, and help speed recovery. Heat raises your pain threshold and relaxes muscles.

**Exercise.** Staying physically active, despite some pain, can play a helpful role for people with some of the more common pain conditions, including low back pain, arthritis, and fibromyalgia.

Weight loss. Many painful health conditions are worsened by excess weight. It makes sense, then, that losing weight can help to relieve some kinds of pain.

**Diet and nutrition.** Chronic pain may be the result of chronic inflammation. Some foods can increase inflammation and contribute to pain levels. Reducing or eliminating foods that increase inflammation may provide pain relief.

**Yoga and tai chi.** These mind-body and exercise practices incorporate breath control, meditation, and movements to stretch and strengthen muscles. They may help with chronic pain conditions such as fibromyalgia, low back pain, arthritis, or headaches.

Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS). This technique employs a very mild electrical current to block pain signals going from the body to the brain

Over-the-counter-medications. Pain relievers that you can buy without a prescription, such as acetaminophen (Tylenol) or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) like aspirin, ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin), and naproxen (Aleve, Naprosyn) can help to relieve mild to moderate pain.